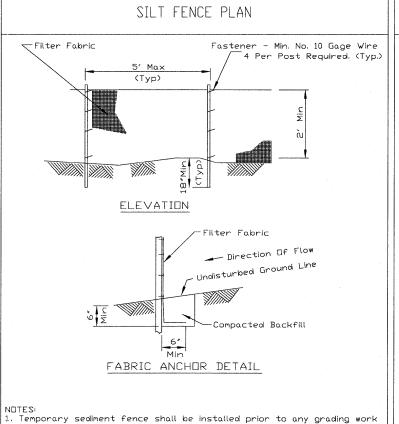
CONTROL MEASURE GROUP	CONTROL MEASURE	APPL.	KEY	CONTROL MEASURE CHARACTERISTICS	TEMP.	PERMNT
VEGETATIVE SOIL COVER	TEMPORARY SEEDING	X	TS	PROVIDES QUICK TEMPORARY COVER TO CONTROL EROSION WHEN PERMANENT SEEDING IS NOT DESIRED OR TIME OF YEAR IS INAPPROPRIATE.	х	
	PERMANENT SEEDING	X	PS	PROVIDES PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER TO CONTROL EROSION. FILTERS SEDIMENT FROM WATER. MAY BE PART OF FINAL LANDSCAPE PLAN.		x
	DORMANT SEEDING		(DS)	SAME AS PERMANENT SEEDING EXCEPT IS DONE DURING DORMANT SEASON. HIGHER RATES OF SEED APPLICATION ARE REQUIRED.	х	x
	SODDING		(50)	QUICK PERMANENT COVER TO CONTROL EROSION. QUICK WAY TO ESTABLISH VEGETATION FILTER STRIP. CAN BE USED ON STEEP SLOPES OR IN DRAINAGEWAYS WHERE SEEDING MAY BE DIFFICULT.	х	x
	GROUND COVER		60	PROVIDES GROUND COVER, SHRUBS AND TREES IN ADDITION TO PERMANENT VEGETATION. MAY BE USED AS PART OF A FINAL LANDSCAPE PLAN ALONG WITH STRUBS AND TREES.		х
NON VEGETATIVE SOIL COVER	MULCHING		M	ADDED INSURANCE OF A SUCCESSFUL TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SEEDING. CONTROLS UNWANTED VEGETATION AND PRESERVES MOISTURE. PROVIDES COVER WHERE VEGETATION CANNOT BE ESTABLISHED.	х	х
	AGGREGATE COVER	-	AG	PROVIDES SOIL COVER ON ROADS AND PARKING LOTS AND AREAS WHERE VEGETATION CANNOT BE ESTABLISHED. PREVENTS MUD FROM BEING PICKED UP AND TRANSPORTED OFF-SITE.		
	PAVING		P	PROVIDES PERMANENT COVER ON PARKING LOTS AND ROADS OR OTHER AREAS WHERE VEGETATION CANNOT BE ESTABLISHED.		х
DIVERSIONS	RIDGE DIVERSION		RD	TYPICALLY USED ABOVE SLOPES. USED WHERE AN EXCESS OF SOIL IS AVAILABLE.	х	х
	CHANNEL DIVERSION		(0)	TYPICALLY USED AT TOP OR BASE OF SLOPES. USED WHEN EXCESS SOIL IS NOT AVAILABLE.	Х	х
	COMBINATION DIVERSION		60	TYPICALLY USED ANYWHERE ON A SLOPE. SOIL TAKEN OUT OF CHANNEL IS USED TO BUILD THE RIDGE.	х	х
	CURB AND GUTTER		6	SPECIAL CASE OF DIVERSION USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH A STREET TO DIVERT WATER FROM AN AREA NEEDING PROTECTION.		х
	BENCHES		B	SPECIAL CASE OF DIVERSION CONSTRUCTED WHEN WORKING ON CUT SLOPES TO SHORTEN LENGTH OF SLOPE AND ADD SLOPE STABILITY.	х	х
WATERWAYS	BARE CHANNEL		BC	PROVIDES MEANS OF CONVEYING RUNOFF TO DESIRED LOCATION. MAY BE USED TO DRAIN DEPRESSIONAL AREAS. ONLY APPLICABLE WHEN VELOCITY OF FLOW IS VERY LOW.	Х	
	VEGETATIVE CHANNEL		(vc)	PROVIDED ADDED STABILITY TO CHANNEL. USED WHEN VELOCITY OF FLOW IS NOT EXTREMELY FAST.	х	х
	LINED CHANNEL		(C)	USED WHEN VEGETATION WILL NOT PROTECT THE CHANNEL AGAINST HIGH VELOCITIES OF FLOW OR WHERE VEGETATION CANNOT BE ESTABLISHED.	х	х
ENCLOSED DRAINAGE	STORM SEWER		ST	CAN BE USED TO CONVEY SEDIMENT LADEN WATER TO SEDIMENT BASIN OR IN:CONJUNCTION WITH A WATERWAY.		х
	UNDERDRAIN		(9)	USED TO LOWER WATER TABLE AND INTERCEPT GROUNDWATER FOR BETTER VEGETATION GROWTH AND SLOPE STABILITY. USED TO CARRY BASE FLOW IN WATERWAYS AND TO DEWATER SEDIMENT BASINS.	х	х
SPILLWAYS -	STRAIGHT PIPE SPILLWAY		(SS)	USED FOR RELATIVELY SMALL VERTICAL DROPS AND SMALL FLOWS OF WATER.		х
	DROP INLET PIPE SPILLWAY		019	SAME AS PIPE SPILLWAY EXCEPT LARGER FLOWS AND LARGE VERTICAL DROPS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED.		х
	WEIR SPILLWAY		W	USED FOR RELATIVELY SMALL VERTICAL DROPS AND FLOWS MUCH GREATER THAN PIPE STRUCTURES.	Х	х
	BOX INLET WEIR SPILLWAY		BS	SAME AS WEIR SPILLWAY EXCEPT LARGER FLOWS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED BECAUSE OF LOWER WEIR LENGTH.	Х	х
OUTLETS	LINED APRON		(A)	PROTECTS DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL FROM HIGH VELOCITY OF FLOW DISCHARGING FROM STRUCTURES.	Х	х
SED!MENT BAS!NS	EMBANKMENT SEDIMENT BASIN		ES	USED WHERE TOPOGRAPHY LENDS ITSELF TO CONSTRUCTING A DAM AND EARTH FILL IS AVAILABLE.	Х	х
	EXCAVATED SEDIMENT BASIN		ΧS	USED WHERE EMBANKMENT COULD CAUSE A HAZARD DOWNSTREAM IN CASE OF FAILURE AND WHEN EXCESS EARTH FILL IS NOT AVAILABLE.	Х	х
	COMBINATION SEDIMENT BASIN		(S)	USED WHEN TOPOGRAPHY IS SUITABLE BUT ADDITIONAL CAPACITY IS NEEDED.	Х	х
SEDIMENT FILTERS	BARRIER FILTER		(BF)	C USED FOR SINGLE LOTS OR DRAINAGE AREAS LESS THAN 1/4 ACRE TO FILTER SEDIMENT FROM RUNOFF.	х	
	VEGETATIVE FILTER		(VF)	USED ALONG DRAINAGEWAYS OR PROPERTY LINES TO FILTER SEDIMENT FROM RUNOFF. SIZE MUST BE INCREASED IN PROPORTION TO DRAINAGE AREA.	х	x
MUD AND DUST CONTROL	STABILIZED CONST. ENTRANCE	X	(SE)	PREVENT MUD FROM BEING PICKED UP AND CARRIED OFF-SITE.	х	×
	DUST AND TRAFFIC CONTROL		(T)	PREVENTS DUST FROM LEAVING CONSTRUCTION SITE.	Х	х



in the area to be protected. They shall be maintained throughout the

2. Filter fabric shall meet the requirements of material specification 592 Geotextile Table 1 or 2, Class I with equivalent opening size of

3. Fence posts shall be either standard steel post or wood post with a

SCALE: NTS

Filter Fabric -Step 1 Step 2 Step 3 ATTACHING TWO SILT FENCES

SILT FENCE

construction period and removed in conjunction with the final grading

STANDARD DWG, NO.

SHEET 1 DF 2

IL-620

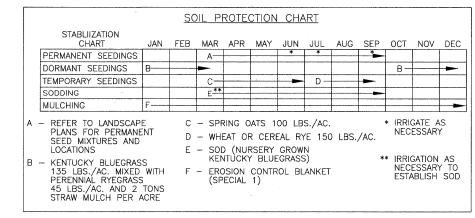
1. Place the end post of the second fence inside the end post of the first fence.
2. Rotate both posts at least 180 degrees in a clockwise direction to create a tight seal with the fabric material.
3. Drive both posts a minimum of 18 inches into the ground and bury the flap.

REFERENCE Checked Date

STANDARD DWG. NO. IL-620(W) SHEET 2 OF 2

Filter Fabric

* A DOUBLE ROW OF SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE.



Bollinger, Lach & Associates, Inc. ITASCA, ILLINOIS

SER NAME = daly DESIGNED - BD REVISED -DRAWN - DC REVISED PLOT SCALE = 20.0000 '/ IN. CHECKED - BD REVISED PLOT DATE = 7/22/2011 DATE REVISED

STATE OF ILLINOIS **GREAT WESTERN TRAIL**

and site stabilization.

REFERENCE

Pro lect

Designed Checked

Approved

at least 30 for nonwoven and 50 for woven.

_ Date _ _ Date _

minimum cross-sectional area of 3.0 sq. in.

FRANKIN AND APPLIATION	00117701	224110	F.A. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL	SHEET NO.
EROSION AND SEDIMENT	CONTROL	DETAILS		06-00151-00-BR	DuPAGE	201	27
				*	CONTRACT	r NO. 6	3568
SHEET NO. SHEETS	STA.	TO STA.		ILLINOIS FED. AI	PROJECT		